StormSmart Coasts

Helping coastal communities cope with floods, storms, sea level rise, and climate change

Northeast Region Coastal Hazards Workshop

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Overview

- Background
 - -Goals
 - -Needs
- Current Status
 - Information Hub
 - Partnerships
 - -Model Tools



Future: Increasing Resiliency

Background

The Monetary Burden

	Total Losses	Closed Losses	Open Losses	CWOP Losses	Total Payments
Scituate	3,071	2,752 (13%)	0	319	\$49,629,842 (17.7%)
Revere	2,414	2,013 (9.5%)	3	398	\$14,358,062 (5.1%)
Marshfield	1,255	1,051 (5%)	1	203	\$13,487,809 (4.8%)
Hull	2,068	1741 (8.2%)	0	327	\$12,148,369 (4.3%)
MA Coasts Total	21,267	17,257 (81%)	12	4002	\$217,913,069 (78%)
MA Total	26,643	21,221	43	5,379	\$279,663,492

Goal: Help Communities To Better Manage And Cope With:







Legally Defensible Actions

Protects the rights of residents, businesses, and visitors by requiring that public & private projects do not:

- -pose a threat to public safety,
- -increase flood or storm damage to public or private property
- -strain municipal budgets by raising community expenditures for storm-damage mitigation, stormwater management, emergency services, and disaster recovery efforts.

Options







Is the message

interesting?

relevant?

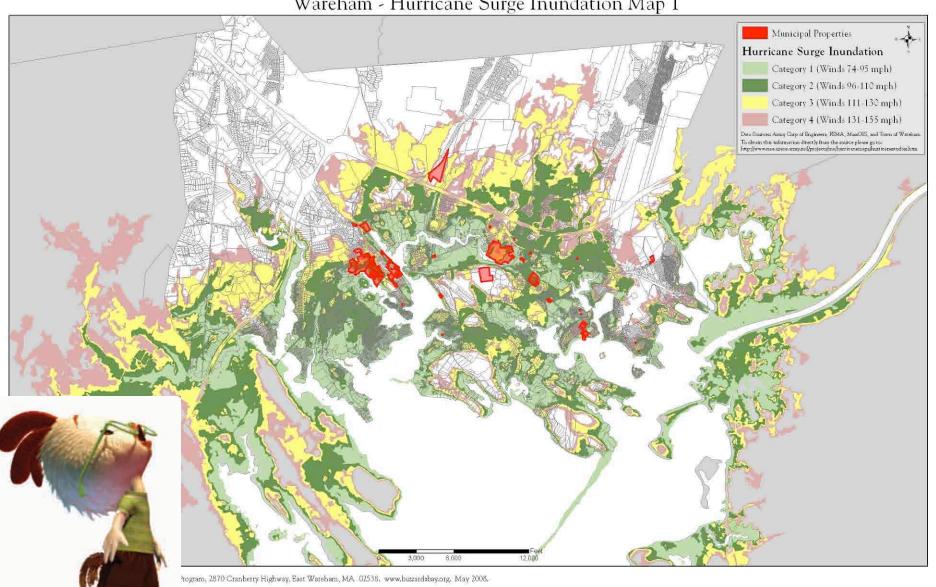
actionable?







Wareham - Hurricane Surge Inundation Map 1





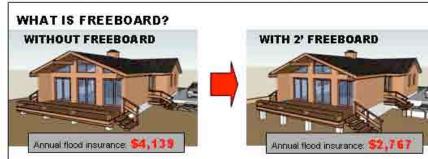






RAISE YOUR HOME, LOWER YOUR PAYMENTS

Protect buildings and reduce mortgage and insurance payments with freeboard



FREEBOARD - Elevating the foundation of a building above predicted flood elevations by a small additional height (generally 1-3 feet above National Flood Insurance Program height requirements). While relatively mexpensive to add height during construction of reconstruction, the henefits are substantial—improved storm protection and in drastic reductions in flood insurance premiums (and in many situations, lower mortgage payments too).

WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS OF FREEBOARD?

By elevating a building ab ove National Flood Insurance Frogram (NFIF) height requirements (typically by 1-3 feet), you can realize these substantial benefits:

- . Increased protection from floods and storms. Storm waters can and do get higher than those shown on Flood. Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs). Freehoard helps to protect structures against these larger storms, and all ours for flood modeling and mapping uncertainties associated with FIRMs.
- . Better preparation for on-going sea level rise. Sea level has usen in Massachusetts approximately 0.8 feet in the past 100 years. Since elevations on FIRMs do not include sea level tise, freeb oard will help keep structures above flood waters as storm surge elevations increase.
- . Greatly reduced flood insurance premiums. Because the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA, which administers the NFIF) recognizes that freeboard reduces flood risk, it provides substantial (sometimes more than 50%) reductions in flood insurance premiums for structures incorporating freeboard. These savings can rapidly accumulate, especially over the life of a normal mortgage.

Example of savings on NFIP premiums with freeboard

	A Zone		V Zone	
	Annual savings in NFIP premiums	Savings over 30- year mortgage	Annual savings in NEIP premiums	Savings over 30 year mortgage
1' freeboard	\$502 (41%)	\$15,060	\$1,360 (62%)	\$40,800
2' freeboard	\$878 (55%)	\$20,340	\$2,730 (50%)	\$81,900
3' freeboard	\$743 (60%)	\$22,290	\$3,415 (62 %)	\$102,450

*NFIP premiums based on May 2007 rates for a one-floor residential structure with no base ment \$500 deductible/ \$250,000 coverage. for the building \$100.000 for contents.

WHAT ARE THE COSTS OF FREEBOARD?

The expense of incorporating freeboard into new structures is surprisingly low, generally adding only about a 3% to 1 3% per foot of free board to the total construction costs according to a 2006 FEMA-commissioned study (Evaluation of the National Flood Insurance Program's Building Standardis. This often means that each foot of freeh oard adds less than \$10 to a monthly mortgage payment, but can save homeowners over a \$100 a month on their NFIP premiums.

Consider, for example, a proposed one-storey building in the V zone that will cost \$250,000 to build at minimum legal standards (the NFIP requires that all homes in the floodplain be elevated to at least to the base flood elevation [BFE], mapped. on FIRMs). According to the study cited above, adding each foot of freeboard to a home on piles or piers adds about 0.4% to total construction costs (about \$1,000 a foot in this example). If the owner takes out a mortgage at 6.5% APR for the total construction costs, he or she wall actually payless each month for the home after adding Y of freehoard, even though the home, on paper, costs more to build.

Home at BFE		Home with 3' of freeboard	
Monthly mortgage payments (at 6.5%)	\$1580.17	Monthly mortgage payments (6.5%)	\$1599.13 (+\$18.96)
Monthly flood insurance	\$458.25	Monthly flood insurance	\$173.67 (\$284.58)
To tal mouthly cost =	\$2038.42	To tal monthly cost =	\$1772.80 (-\$265.62)

In this example, adding 3' of freeboard saves homeowners \$265.62 per month, or \$95.623.67 over the life of a mortgage, and this doesn't include the potentially avoided flood damage (which could easily be tens of thousands of dollars more). Benefits in A Zones are generally less dramatic, but still substantial. To determine NFIP premiums for a specific property, see a licensed insurance agent.

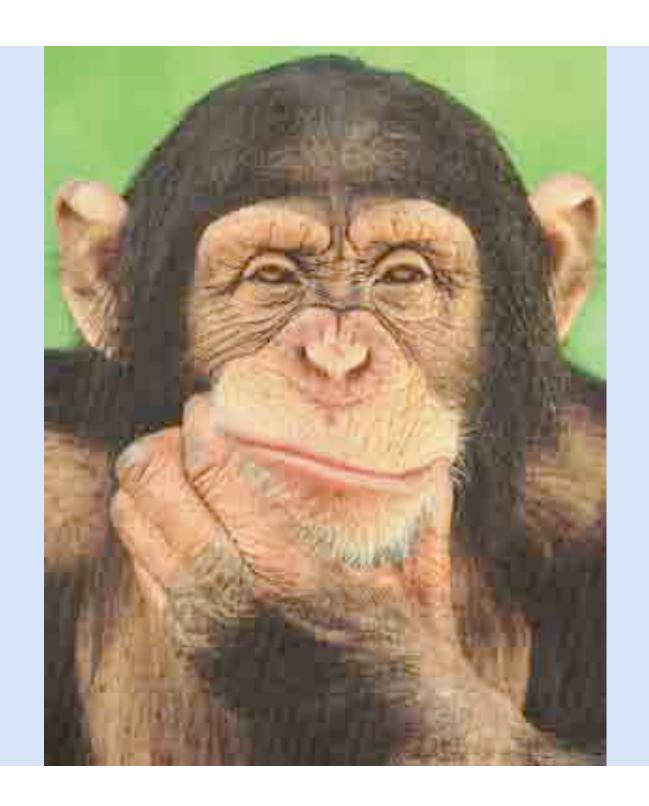
WHO CAN BENEFIT FROM FREEBOARD?

Everybody building in floodplains can protect themselves and their property and save on flood insurance by including freeboard into their construction and reconstruction projects. Additional benefits include:

- . For new homeownen Whether or not you live in the house year-round, having it elevated increases the chances that it will weather storms safely, decreasing your worry, and protecting your investment. If you're building a new home, or doing a renovation, ask your builder/ designer about incorporating free board.
- . For builden / contracton Freeboard provides a competitive edge over other builders, allouing you to market the benefits of reduced flood insurance and flood risk to potential buvers. When doing retrofits (especially those requiring bringing structures up to current NFIP standards) explain the benefits of freeboard to your clients.
- . For municipalities When constructing new municipal buildings (schools, fire stations, etc.) use freeboard as a means of saving tax-dollars. Encourage all new construction in your community to include freeboard. (NOTE: the Massachusetts Attorney General's office has recently rejected bylaws reporting freeboard, but municipalities may promote its use).
- . For businesses Protect your buildings, important records, and inventory from flooding. Drastically decrease your recovery/clean-up time after storms, or better yet, stay open during the storm. The Institute for Business and Home Safety reports that more than 25% of businesses that close due to storm damage never reopen.

FOR MORE INFORMATION . . .

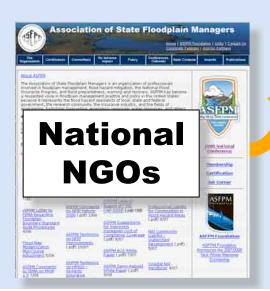
- . For technical information on the costs of incorporating different flood-resistant building techniques finduding freeb oard), see the American Institutes for Research's 2006 Evaluation of the National Flood Insurance Program's Building Standards study at 1505051fem a gov (library) mens Record do fid=2592
- For general information on the National Flood Insurance Program, see www.FloodSmartgov.
- · For specific questions on flood insurance rates, see a license d insurance agent.

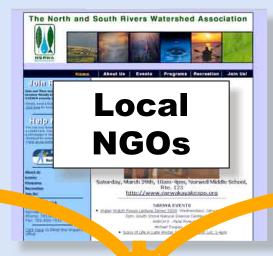


Current Status

Information Hub



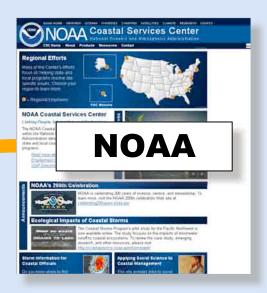






Mass. Gra

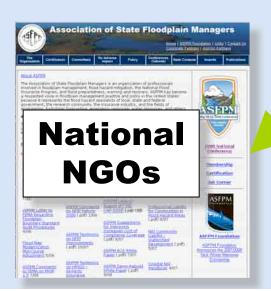
3. Case Study

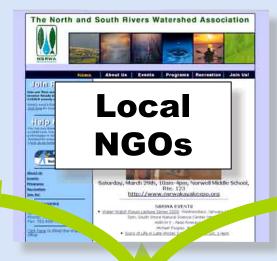




Information Hub

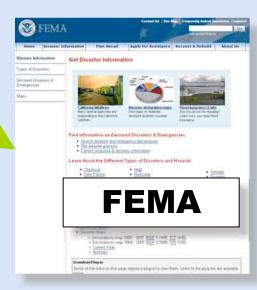












Partnerships

Pilot Communities

Coastal Advisory Group

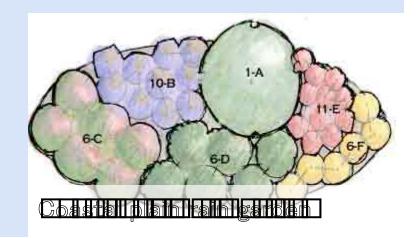
Ongoing Transference

Enhancing Current Resources



Pilot Communities – Example Assistance

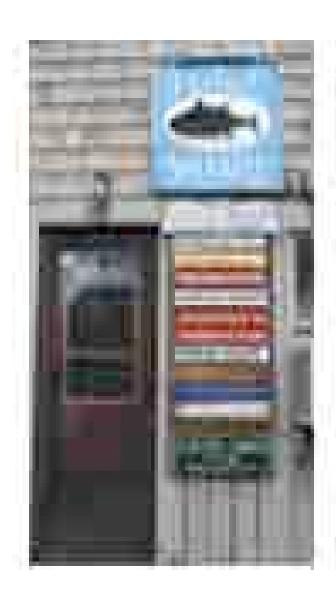
- Develop technical guidance and regulatory guidelines for coastal LID approaches, specific to coastal floodplains,
- Draft performance standards for new development and/or re-development.
- Draft suggested revisions to existing floodplain management bylaws and/or regulations to reflect the NAI approach.
- Evaluate mitigation measures for developed areas.
- Develop education and outreach strategies and materials, assisting in raising public awareness and acceptance of each tool and technique pursued



Tools Offered

- 1. Hazard Identification and Mapping
- 2. Planning
- 3. Regulations and Development Standards
- 4. Infrastructure
- 5. Mitigation and Shore Protections
- 6. Emergency Services
- 7. Education and Outreach

StormSmart Coasts Building Blocks



- Hazard Identification &
- Mapping
- Planning
- Regulations & Development
- Standards
- Mitigation & Shore Protection
- Infrastructure
- Emergency Services
- Education & Outreach

StormSmart Coasts Building Blocks

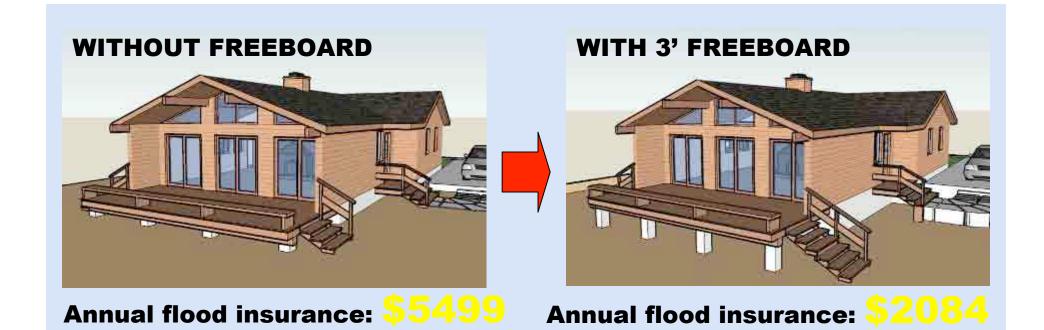


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- Standards
- Mitigation & Shore Protection
- Infrastructure
- Emergency Services
- ▶ Education & Outreach

freeboard?



~\$1,000 per foot of freeboard (+~\$18/month)



(- \$284/month)

Homeowner savings

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Future:

Increasing Resiliency

		Benchmarks			
		Policy and Planning	Physical and Natural Capacity	Social and Cultural Capacity	Technical and Financial Capacity
Areas	Governance	Community development policies, plans and programs are implemented and monitored in a participatory and transparent manner.	Basic Services (i.e. water, transportation, security, etc.) are accessible to all sectors of society.	Participatory collaboration mechanisms among different sectors and various levels of government are established and used to manage for resilience.	Technical and financial support mechanisms are transparent accountable and available to support planned community actions.
Outcome	Land Use and Structural Design	Land use policies and building standards that incorporate measures to reduce risks from hazards and protect sensitive habitats are established monitored and enforced.	Critical Infrastructure are located outside high risk areas and constructed to address risk from priority hazards.	Developers and communities incorporate risk reduction into the location and design of structures.	Education, outreach and training programs are established to improve compliance with land use policies and building standards.

Governance

Metric	StormSmart
Community development policies,	
plans and programs are implemented	goal
and monitored in a participatory and	guai
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Land Use and Structural Design

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Education, outreach and training programs are established to improve compliance with land use policies and building standards.	Goal

